CANYON OVERLOOK

The trail starts at the southeast corner of the visitor center parking lot. Follow the trail up hill to a flat area and then to the viewpoint where the park sign is.

You are looking east down Clear Creek Canyon towards where within five miles the creek flows into the Sevier River. The mountain in the background is Monroe Peak, elevation 11,227 feet. Clear Creek is only twelve miles long, but with its well watered tributaries like Mill, Fish and Shingle Creeks, it drains an area of 165 square miles. The view of I-70, the frontage road and the hiking/biking trail side by side is reminiscent of the different types of trails and roads that have brought people through Clear Creek Canyon for thousands of years:

- **Foot trails** - used by the Fremont and hunters and gatherers before them and Nucan and Paiutes after them.
- **Horse trails** - used by the Paiute, explorers like Jedediah Smith and 16 men in 1826, the Mormon party in 1858 recorded by George W. Bee that first noted the rock art and the first settlers in the canyon.
- **Toll road** - built for wagons from Sevier to Cove Fort. Commissioned and built by a Mormon Priesthood group in 1872. $0.25 a wagon was charged for 25 years.
- **Rail grade** - the toll road was smoothed and rebuilt to be used as a rail line that would link to the track that reached Sevier in 1900. This grade was destroyed by a flood that resulted from a dam that failed at Three Creeks Reservoir in 1897. The track was later built through Marysvale Canyon.
- **Wagon road** - built for freight and passenger wagons between Kimberly gold mine and the nearest rail line in Sevier (at the mouth of Clear Creek Canyon). Several companies had scheduled routes through the canyon.

- **Auto road** - the wagon road with little improvement became an auto road. In 1928, Sevier County widened and rerouted the road to Cove Fort. After continued improvement, this road became Highway 4 and then the frontage road through the park.
- **Sheep trail** - during the 1930s and 1940s, at certain times a year, as many as 50,000 sheep a week were herded to the trail head through Clear Creek Canyon from the West Desert.
- **I-70** - Clear Creek Canyon was approved to be the route for I-70 in 1958. It opened to traffic in 1988.

Travel through Clear Creek Canyon has changed from a difficult two day journey on foot, to a twenty minute trip in a car during which many people do not stop or even realize that they have been here.

From the viewpoint, the Canyon Overlook Trail continues to the northeast along an old horse trail. Instead of watching the view to your right, you might want to look at the cliff to your left. There are some nice rock art panels on this cliff that most of our visitors do not get to see.

At the end of the cliffs, where the trail turns left away from Clear Creek Canyon, the Canyon Overlook Trail ends. At this point, the Hidden Secret Trail (#8) begins.

HIDDEN SECRETS

Now you will have a chance to explore the cliffs and grasslands in a part of the park and Fishlake National Forest that we have done a pretty good job of keeping a secret. Try to find the trail's hidden secrets.

There are four ways to gain access to the Hidden Secrets Trail.
1. From the end of the Canyon Overlook Trail (#7)
2. From the Court of Ceremonies Trail (#6) at the fork in the bottom of the canyon, just past marker 4.
3. From the Court of Ceremonies Trail (#6) at the fork near the top of the ridge near marker 5.
4. From the reconstructed pithouse at the northeast corner of the visitor center parking lot, follow the trail going north into Coyote Canyon. In about 0.4 miles, this trail will connect with the Hidden Secret Trail. While in Coyote Canyon, look for the rock that is shaped like an elephant. A fence crosses the canyon. Follow it a short distance to the right to see a petroglyph panel.

Now that you have found the Hidden Secrets Trail, we hope that you enjoy it. The trail is comprised of three loops that are connected together. Continue to go around them until you have seen all of it or want to return to the visitor center. To return, follow any trail that goes south, down hill or toward Clear Creek and it will bring you back.

The petroglyph panel located on a prominent south facing cliff is the high point of the Hidden Secrets Trail. This panel is interesting because of the intricacy in which the desert bighorn sheep (and deer) are drawn and the detail of the creation story in which wavy lines separate each world. The shield figure is similar to a Hopi calendar. The thirteen concentric circles show the lunar cycle of months. The lines radiating from the center and then forking are said to divide the year into festival periods. No solar interaction has been observed with this panel.